

Northern Lights Electronic Design, LLC – NLED Aurora Control Software – v.2f

Please also read the NLED Aurora Control Manual for definitions and more info.

This document covers the NLED command protocol. These commands can be issued to compatible NLED controllers and devices to initiate functions. These functions include things like Sequence Change, Color Swap, Device Identification, and more. Native USB devices will accept commands over emulated USB serial port, the USB serial port can be accessed by any software or language that can access standards serial ports. Such as serial terminals, Processing, C languages, .NET, Java, etc. Some USB controllers offer the “Dual Command mode” hardware configuration, that allows the controller to accept commands over it's UART from devices such as an FTDI, ESP8266, X-Bee, or other serial based transceiver at any baud rate, but always 8-N-1.

Sending Commands to a NLED Device:

NOTE: Command requests are sent and received as ASCII characters. The command and data bytes are sent as numbers(8-bit).

To Request a Command:

Host Sends (ASCII Characters):	“NLED11”	As Hex: 0x4E -> 0x4C -> 0x45 -> 0x44 -> 0x31 -> 0x31	
Device Responds(ASCII Characters):	“a9”	As Hex: 0x61 -> 0x39	As Decimal: 97 -> 57
Host Sends(ASCII Characters):	“nled99”	As Hex: 0x6E -> 0x6C -> 0x65 -> 0x64 -> 0x39 -> 0x39	
Device Responds(ASCII Characters):	“f0”	As Hex: 0x66 -> 0x30	As Decimal: 102 -> 48

Now the command request has been acknowledged by the device.

To Send a Command Once Request is Acknowledged:

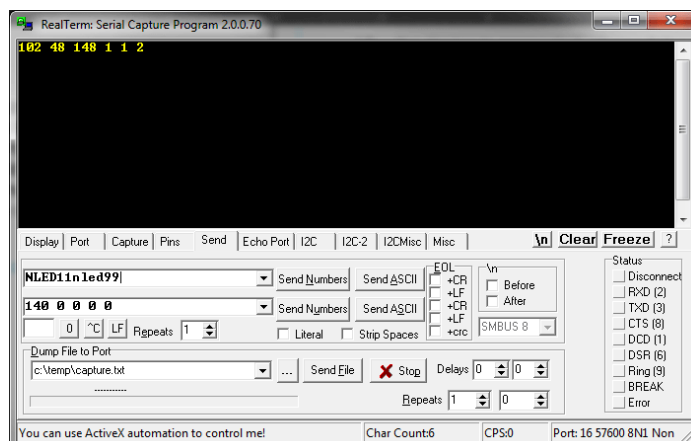
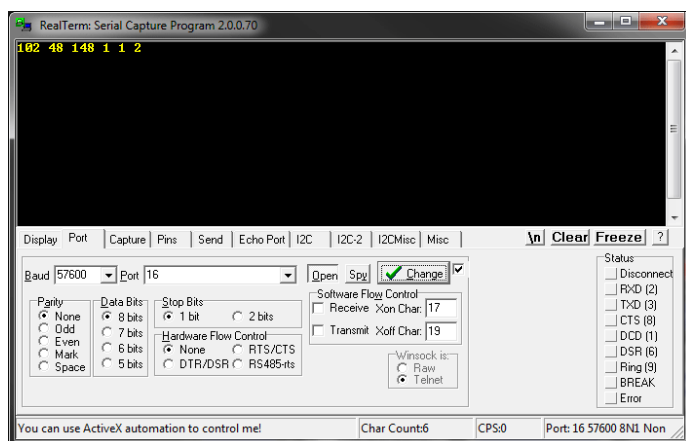
Host Sends(As Numbers): Command ID(Byte) → Data1(Byte) → Data2(Byte) → Data3(Byte) → Data4(Byte)

Command Reception Acknowledge:

After the device receives the command it will respond as ASCII characters “cmd” then as numbers: 0 -> Issued Command ID Number

Examples: Contact Support@NLEDshop.com for assistance.

Sample code with command examples can be found at: <https://github.com/NLED/aurora-interface-example>



Optional Manual Serial Terminal Command Issuing:

1. Open your serial terminal software of choice.
2. Open the device's serial port(or FTDI or similar serial port), USB devices accept any baud rate. Serial devices require the correct baud rate to be selected. Other settings are usually default, 8-N-1
3. Prepare the command request string. Waiting for the device responses is not necessary. Sending “NLED11nled99” as ASCII characters is acceptable to request a command.
4. The device will respond as ASCII “a9” & “f0”, the device is now waiting for the command bytes.
5. Send as Numbers the: Command ID followed by 4 data bytes. See later pages for command ID and data values.

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The following pages describe each command, the commands are in order of their ID#

Command Name: Data Dump

Description: Not for use by user. Do not issue.

Usage: Not Defined

Command ID: 3

Data Byte 1: Not Defined

Data Byte 2: Not Defined

Data Byte 3: Not Defined

Data Byte 4: Not Defined

Command Name: Connect Device

Description:

Controller responds with its hardware/firmware details

Usage:

Responds with, HardwareID → Firmware Version → Firmware Revision -> Bootloader HardwareID -> Bootloader Version -> UserID Number

Command ID: 4

Data Byte 1: Not Defined

Data Byte 2: Not Defined

Data Byte 3: Not Defined

Data Byte 4: Not Defined

Command Name: Set Pixel Packet Clone Value

Description:

For pixel controllers only, allows the packet clone feature to be started by commands. Does not save to memory.

Usage:

Only enabled on pixel controllers, sets packet clone value, could be overwritten by sequences changes, including linked sequence changes. Does not save.

Command ID: 10

Data Byte 1: Packet Clone Value(1-255), 0 = off

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Device Output Dimming

Description:

Indicates to the controller to apply intensity control to all outputs, with the option to use the intensity temporarily or to save it, once saved it will be applied to all compatible modes, including stand-alone.

Usage:

Data1 indicates the intensity to apply to all the outputs. Not available on all devices.

Command ID: 15

Data Byte 1: 0 - 255 (equates to 0% - 100%)

Data Byte 2: 0 = temporary, 1 = Save Value

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Bulk Live Control - Hold Outputs

Description:

Starts direct live control of the outputs using bulk method. Once the command is initiated it the outputs will hold their values until updated with a full packet of bytes equal to Channel Amount

Usage:

Once Initiated, send Channel Amount of bytes. Latches sent data values to outputs once Channel Amount has been received.

Command ID: 60

Data Byte 1: 1 for on, 0 for off

Data Byte 2: 1 for 16-bit Mode, 0 or any for 8-bit mode

Data Byte 3: Channel Amount MSB

Data Byte 4: Channel Amount LSB

Command Name: Blank Outputs, Set Live Option

Description:

Sets to Live Control mode and blanks(set to %0) the Outputs.

Usage:

Blanks(0%) all outputs, optional enter Bulk Live Control mode or Stall/Pause

Command ID: 61

Data Byte 1: 1 for Bulk Live Control, 0 for Stall/Pause

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Single Channel Live Control Update

Description:

Sets a single channel to live control mode and specifies the output value. Can be used concurrently with stand-alone color sequences.

Usage:

Sets a single output channel to the specified value, puts it into per channel live control mode if not already.

Command ID: 62

Data Byte 1: ChanMSB

Data Byte 2: ChanLSB

Data Byte 3: ValueMSB

Data Byte 4: ValueLSB

Command Name: Single Channel Live Control Release

Description:

Releases a single channel from live control mode back to default/stand-alone usage. Can be used concurrently with stand-alone color sequences.

Usage:

Releases a single output channel from per channel live control.

Command ID: 63

Data Byte 1: ChanMSB

Data Byte 2: ChanLSB

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Release All Live Control Channels

Description:

Releases all output channels from live control mode. Returning them to default usage.

Usage:

Releases all channels from per sequence live control.

Command ID: 64

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Dot Correction Upload

Description:

For Compatible Controllers, see hardware info for details

Usage:

Send bytes equal to channel amount, values 0 – 63

Command ID: 65

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Release All Live Control Channels

Description:

Returns the output channel value(s), either a range or a single channel value. Max 255 bytes can be reported, if more are requested 0 will be returned. Returns 8-bit or 16-bit MSB first numbers

Usage:

0 values in Data1 and Data2 will report all channel values up to MaxChanNumber, 0's in Data3 & Data4 will report back a single value indicated by Channel Number MSB & LSB

Command ID: 69

Data Byte 1: Channel Number MSB

Data Byte 2: Channel Number LSB

Data Byte 3: MaxChanNumber MSB

Data Byte 4: MaxChanNumber LSB

Command Name: Speed Over Ride

Description:

Alters the Speed for current stand-alone sequence Sent as Unsigned Integer.

Usage:

Send an unsigned integer(0 to 65,535) to set the Speed for stand-alone sequences. Does not save, and a sequence change over rides.

Command ID: 70

Data Byte 1: New Speed MSB

Data Byte 2: New Speed LSB

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Speed Decrease by 1 or Value

Description:

Decrease the Speed by a single value, or up to 255. Affects current stand-alone sequence, does not save.

Usage:

If Data1 is 0, it will subtract 1 from the speed, if its 1-255 it will subtract that value

Command ID: 71

Data Byte 1: 0 = Subtract 1, Or Subtract 1-255

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Speed Increase by 1 or Value

Description:

Increase the Speed by a single value, or up to 255. Affects current stand-alone sequence, does not save.

Usage:

If Data1 is 0, it will add 1 to the speed, if its 1-255 it will add that value.

Command ID: 72

Data Byte 1: 0 = Add 1, Or Add 1-255

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Toggle Pause Device

Description:

Toggles pausing of the current stand-alone sequence, with optional fade down to 0%

Usage:

Each Command issued toggles Pause state

Command ID: 75

Data Byte 1: 0 to toggle, 1 to pause, 2 to play

Data Byte 2: 1=Fade Down all outputs to 0%, 0 = None Fade Down

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Color Swap/Shift

Description:

Swaps the colors based on 6 methods(including unaltered) See documentation for details. Data 2 should be 0 to run the function, or to reset Color Swap send anything but 0 in Data 2

Usage:

Send 0 to increment Color Swap Mode, or send 1 – 6 to set the mode, See image below for details.








Command ID: 81

Data Byte 1: 0 - 6, see image for ID number

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

NLED Aurora Control v.2a	
Color Swap Methods: By ID#	
0: RGB	
1: BRG	
2: GBR	
3: RBG	
4: BGR	
5: GRB	
6: GRBW	
www.NLEDshop.com/nledaurora	

Command Name: Flash Stepping

Description:

Allows commands to step through a Instant sequence frame by frame, either forwards or backwards.

Usage:

First run CMD: 90, to load the Instant setting and prepare it for stepping. Then pause the sequence. Then use this command to step either forwards or backwards through the stand-alone Instant sequence.

Command ID: 82

Data Byte 1: 1 for Forward, 0 for Backward

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Flash Stepping

Description:

Stalls a Fade sequence and waits for command to allow it to cycle a variable amount of times. Variable should be a unsigned integer. Sending 200 will let each channel cycle normally 200 times. It takes 255 x (Amount Of Frames) for a full rotation of the setting's colors. No Linked sequences are supported.

Usage:

First run CMD: 90, to load the Fade sequence and prepare it for Fade Control by Pausing it. Then issue this command to to fade the sequence forwards a defined amount of steps.

Command ID: 85

Data Byte 1: Amount MSB

Data Byte 2: Amount LSB

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Select Sequence by ID Number

Description:

Selects a stand-alone Sequence by ID number. The ID number is the the sequence's position in the Index.

Usage:

Loads a sequence by ID indexed ID number, with mode. Start playing or start paused. Data2 with a value of 1 will start the Idle Sequence, otherwise send 0.

Command ID: 90

Data Byte 1: Sequence Number(0-255, base zero, means #0 is the first sequence)

Data Byte 2: 0 = Ignore, 1 = Idle Sequence

Data Byte 3: 1 for Pause, 0 for play

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Sequence Down

Description:

Decrement Sequence, as if the button was pressed.

Usage:

Send command, instantly changes sequence, saves to memory.

Command ID: 91

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Sequence Up

Description:

Increment Sequence, as if the button was pressed.

Usage:

Send command, instantly changes sequence, saves to memory.

Command ID: 92

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Hardware Preview Sequence Upload

Description:

Uploads a single sequence to the controller for Hardware Previewing.

Usage:

Not for user, details proprietary.

Command ID: 99

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Full Sequence and Index Upload

Description:

Uploads the index and all indexed color sequences.

Usage:

Not for user, details proprietary.

Command ID: 100

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Upload Configurations

Description:

Uploads the index and all indexed color sequences.

Usage:

Not for user, details proprietary.

Command ID: 101

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Gamma Correction Upload

Description:

Uploads the optional Gamma Correction/Dot Correction table values. Not available on all devices.

Usage:

Depends on controller, contact for assistance. More details released in the future.

Command ID: 102

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Request Configurations

Description:

Asks controller to send it's current configuration flags. More info available in the future.

Usage:

Responds with the 16 bits of device configuration flags. Sent as two 8-bit numbers, MSB first.

Command ID: 120

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Reset to Default Configurations Options

Description:

Resets configuration bits and most configuration bytes to default or 0. This will remove any configuration options the user has applied to the device.

Usage:

Instantly updates to device's configurations flags and bytes to default

Command ID: 121

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: Enter Bootloader Mode

Description:

Enters device into bootloader mode, will need to close serial/USB port connection and open the separate bootloader software. Note: After bootloading some devices may re-enter bootloader mode when reset, if your device keeps entering bootloader mode after bootloading new firmware, power cycle the device.

Usage:

Immediately after issuing command the controller will enter bootloader mode. USB connection will be dropped or stalled.

Command ID: 140

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Command Name: External Device Bootloader Mode

Description:

For compatible devices with onboard modules or secondary microcontrollers. This command enters the device into transparent bridge serial mode which allows other devices to be bootloaded through the USB connection. Used for ESP WiFi modules, more function to be added in the future.

Usage:

After issuing the command the Aurora device will enter a bridge mode. Disconnect from the Aurora USB port and open the third-party bootloading software for the external device. Such as NodeMCU flasher. Set it up and begin the flashing process. Once complete unplug the controller's USB port, and

Command ID: 141

Data Byte 1: 0

Data Byte 2: 0

Data Byte 3: 0

Data Byte 4: 0

Contact Support@NLEDshop.com for assistance.